

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

SYNTHETIC SEA SALT

SPECIAL DILUENT

1 INTENDED USE

Synthetic sea salt is used as a diluent for the detection and the enumeration of *Escherichia coli* and enterococci in bathing water and surface water in microplates (MPN method) following the ISO 9308-3 and ISO 7899-1 standards.

2 PRINCIPLES

For fresh and brackish water (waste water), with a salinity less than 30 g/kg, the sea salt is used for all dilutions, including the 1:2 dilution.

For sea water (salinity more than 30 g/kg), sterile water is used to perform the 1:2 dilution. Sea salt is used for all subsequent dilutions.

To avoid confusion with sterile water, bromophenol blue at 4 mg/L can be added to synthetic sea water.

3 TYPICAL COMPOSITION

The composition can be adjusted in order to obtain optimal performance.

	For 1 liter of media, the major ion composition	Percentage of total mass of the synthetic sea salt
Chlorides (Cl)	10,68 g	47,470 %
Sodium (Na ⁺)	5,91 g	26,28 %
Sulfate (SO ₄)	1,49 g	6,602 %
Magnesium (Mg ⁺⁺)	0,73 g	3,23 %
Calcium (Ca ⁺⁺)	0,23 g	1,013 %
Potassium (K ⁺)	0,23 g	1,015 %
Bicarbonate (HCO ₃)	0,11 g	0,491 %
Borate (B)	3,4 mg	0,015 %
Strontium (Sr ⁺⁺)	0,22 mg	0,001 %

The media can be supplemented with :

Bromophenol blue ; 4 mg

4 RECONSTITUTION

- Dissolve 22,5 g of synthetic sea salt in 1 liter of distilled or demineralized water.
- Add optionally 4 mg/L of bromophenol blue.
- Mix slowly until complete dissolution.
- Distribute 9 mL or 18 mL per tube, according to the specific need.
- Sterilize in an autoclave at 121°C for 15 minutes.
- Cool to room temperature.

5 INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

- Perform the 1:2 dilution of the water sample in a tube of prepared solution or ready-to-use (BM088) for water with salinity less than 30 g/kg.
- For all other types of water, perform subsequent dilutions in the prepared or ready-to-use diluent.
- Inoculate the microplate according to the category of water.

6 QUALITY CONTROL

Dehydrated media : white powder, free-flowing and homogeneous.

Ready-to-use media : blue-violet, may have a slight precipitate.

Prepared media (without bromophenol blue) : colorless solution, may have a slight precipitate.

Typical culture response after 45-60 minutes of incubation at 20-25 °C (NF EN ISO 11133) :

Microorganisms	Theoretical growth
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	WDCM 00179
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	WDCM 00012
<i>Enterococcus faecium</i>	WDCM 00178
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i>	WDCM 00176
<i>Enterococcus hirae</i>	WDCM 00089

7 STORAGE / SHELF LIFE

Dehydrated media : 2-30 °C.

Ready-to-use media, with bromophenol blue : 2-25 °C.

The expiry dates are indicated on the labels.

Prepared media (*) : 180 days at 2-25 °C.

Prepared media, with bromophenol blue (*) : 180 days at 2-25 °C.

(*) Benchmark value determined under standard preparation conditions, following manufacturer's instructions.

8 PACKAGING

Dehydrated media :

100 g bottle BR00308

Ready-to-use media, with bromophenol blue :

50 x 18 mL tubes BM08808

9 BIBLIOGRAPHY

NF EN ISO 9308-3. Mars 1999. Qualité de l'eau. Recherche et dénombrement des *Escherichia coli* et des bactéries coliformes dans les eaux de surface et résiduaires. Partie 3 : Méthode miniaturisée (nombre le plus probable) pour ensemencement en milieu liquide.

NF EN ISO 7899-1. Mars 1999. Qualité de l'eau. Recherche et dénombrement des entérocoques intestinaux dans les eaux de surface et résiduaires - Partie 1 : méthode miniaturisée (nombre le plus probable) par ensemencement en milieu liquide.

10 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The information provided on the labels take precedence over the formulations or instructions described in this document and are susceptible to modification at any time, without warning.

Document code : SYNTHETIC SEA SALT_ENv3

Creation date : 06-2013

Updated : 03-2016

Origin of revision : General update